

Scope



Results



Energy Parks

Located in **Campo de Gibraltar** (Cádiz) and **Palos de la Frontera** (Huelva), they stand out as strategic assets for us and key to facilitating our energy transition strategy. They have **excellent connections**, and are strategically located in southern Europe, next to relevant ports and close to key markets and major industrial customers. Through **innovation and technology**, we want to bring out their full potential to develop new green products and decarbonize our production process.



Chemical Plants



Located in **Spain, Canada, Brazil, Nigeria and China**, and oleochemical plants in **Indonesia** and **Germany**.

The domestic plants are located next to our energy parks and process raw materials with high added value.

Our **products** are variously used in various forms as raw materials for detergents, resins, electronic components, synthetic fibers and pharmaceuticals, among other things.



Commercial & Clean Energies

We have two **lubricant** plants, five **bitumen** plants, **air** and marine fuel services, and several **power** plants that supply other businesses, as well as the Alijar wind farm. We also develop decarbonization solutions by creating **biofuel**, **hydrogen** and **renewable energy** business value chains.



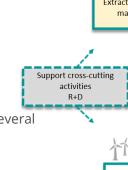
Trading

This business includes the **supply of raw materials** for our production facilities, **storage** management and the **product channel**, in coordination with all of the company's business units. It also allows us to have a presence in **international markets**.



Exploration and Production

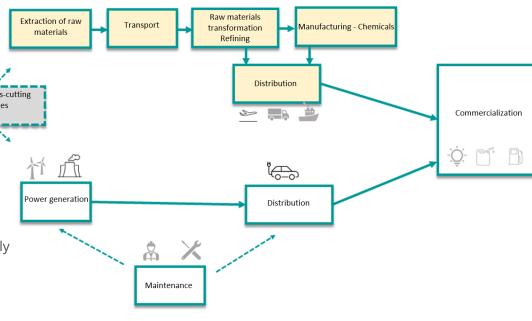
Located in **Colombia**, **Peru** and **Argelia**, we have several assets to extract raw materials.



Mobility & New Commerce



We have an extensive network of **service stations** located mostly on the **Iberian Peninsula**, which supply fuel and work to lead **ultra-fast recharging** on the road.



The assessment of natural capital **dependencies and impact** has been carried out using two tools, both of which are internationally accepted and recognized: **ENCORE** and **Sectoral Materiality Tool (SBTN)**, respectively.



Scope



Methodology

Identification of the **economic activities** carried out by Cepsa.

Use of analysis **tools**.

Classification of activities according to **ISIC** (International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities) and **GSIC** (Global Industry Classification Standard) codes, used as input data by the ENCORE tool.

Organization of the **results** in four **matrices**: general dependencies, dependencies by business, general impact and impact by business. Each one shows the most relevant activities taking into account the company's direct operations and always in relation to natural capital and biodiversity, in terms of impact (drivers of biodiversity loss and their corresponding pressures) and dependencies (ecosystem services and their link with environmental elements).

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The **ecosystem services** on which the company is most dependent are those related to the mitigation of direct impact associated with a production process(**bioremediation**) and protection against disruption of the production process(**climate regulation**, **flood and storm protection**, **and mass stabilization and erosion control**), not to mention **water-related** services that facilitate production processes or raw materials.

Dependency on Ecosystem Services Very High or High		Commercial & Clean Energies	Energy Parks	Exploration and Production	Mobility & New Commerce	Chemical	Research center	Trading	Renewables, Gas, and Electricity
Production process enablers	Maintenance of reproductive habitats Soil quality Ventilation Maintenance of water flow Water quality		A	<u> </u>		_			
Mitigation of direct impact associated with a production process	Pollination Bioremediation Dilution by atmosphere and ecosystems Filtration Attenuation of sensory impact								
Input in a production process	Fibers and other materials Animal energy Genetic material Groundwater Surface water								
Protection against in- terruption of the pro- duction process	Disease control Damping and attenuation of mass flows Climate regulation Flood and storm protection Mass stabilization and erosion control Pest control	A	_	A	A	A		A	A

High or very high dependencies on the ecosystem services of Cepsa's businesses.



Of the impacts generated by the company, considering the totality of the businesses analyzed, pollution pressures from **waste generation**, use of **terrestrial ecosystems** and **water and soil** contamination are the most significant.

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Contribution to Very Drivers	Commercial & Clean Energy Parks	Exploration and Production Mobility & New	2. e	Research Center	Trading	Renewables, Gas, and Electricity	
Change of Use	Terrestrial ecost. Inland aquatic ecost. Marine Ecost.	A					
Exploitation of resources	Water use Use of other resources	A	A	_			
Climate Change	GHG emissions						
	Air (non-GHG)						
Pollution	Water						
Pottation	Soil						
	Generation of waste						
1	Discomfort						
Invasive species and others	Alterations/interferences						

High or very high contribution to the main drivers of impact over natural capital and biodiversity of Cepsa's businesses